

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a payment system 100. The system 100 includes a Payment Enabler 170, Money Handlers 160, Agent Location 140, User Interfaces 180, POTS 155, and Internet 150. The system 100 is connected to a Payor 110 and a Payee 130 via Phones 140 and Computers 120.

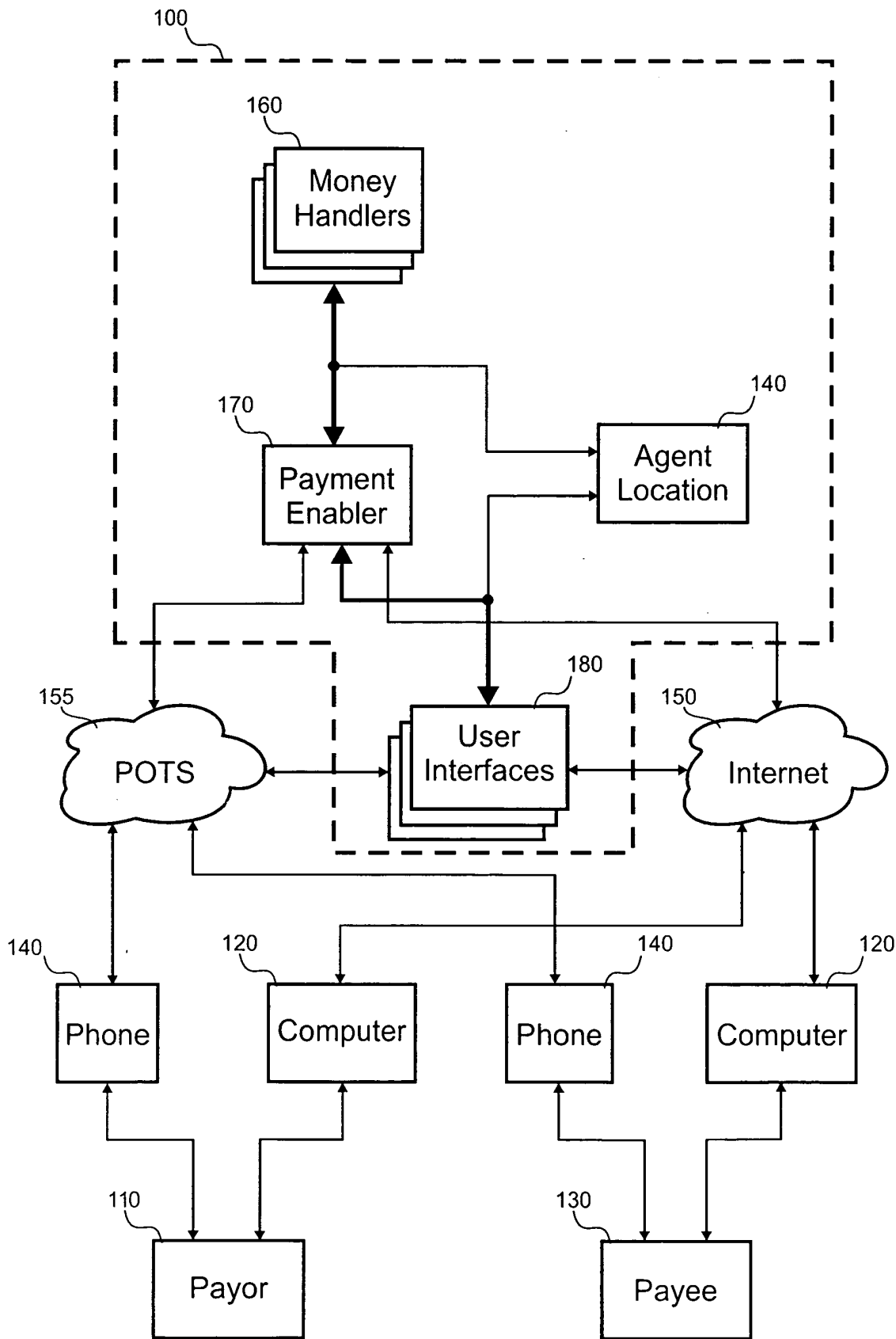


Fig. 1

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a payment system 200.

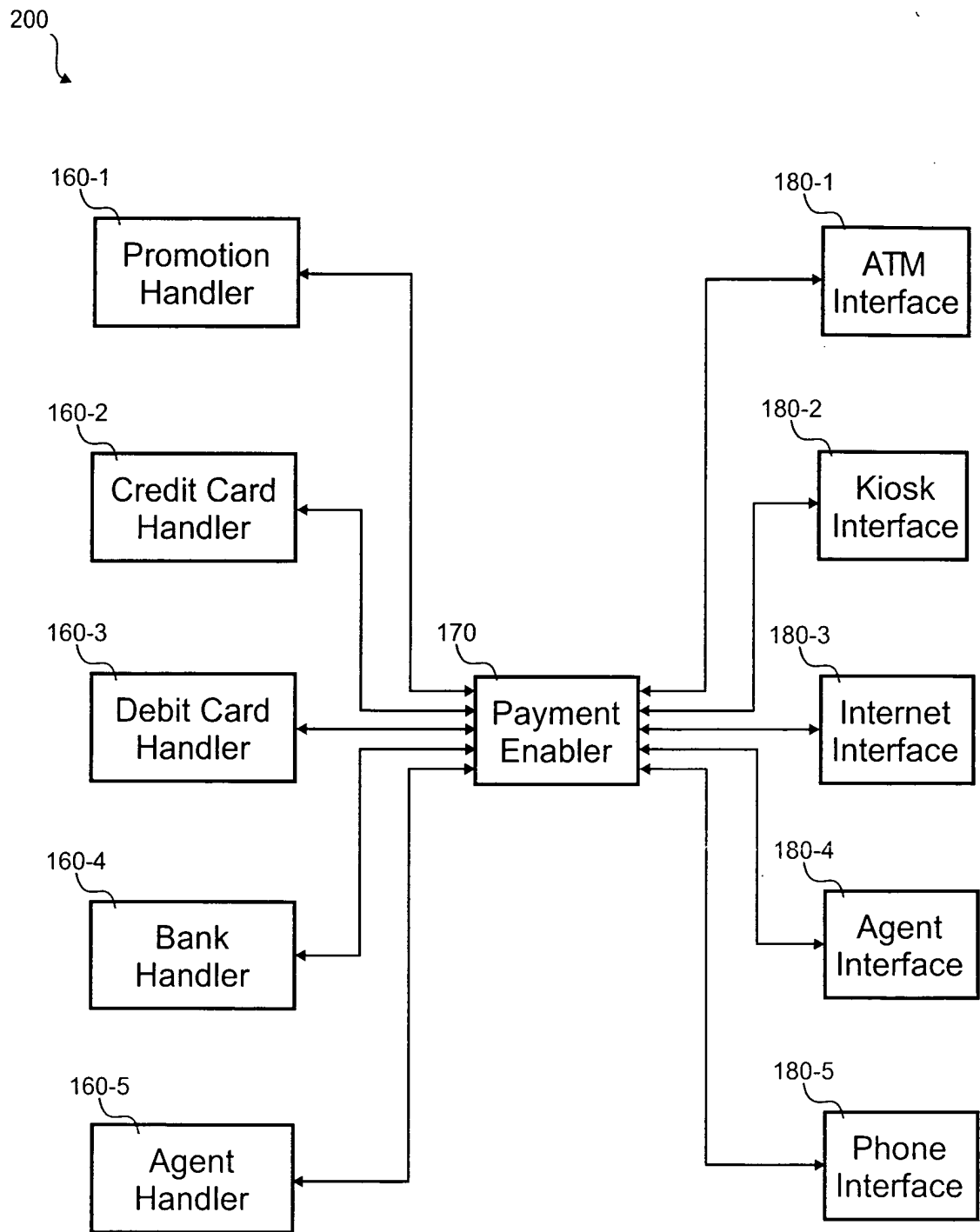


Fig. 2

FIG. 3 is a block diagram of a system 170 for processing payments.

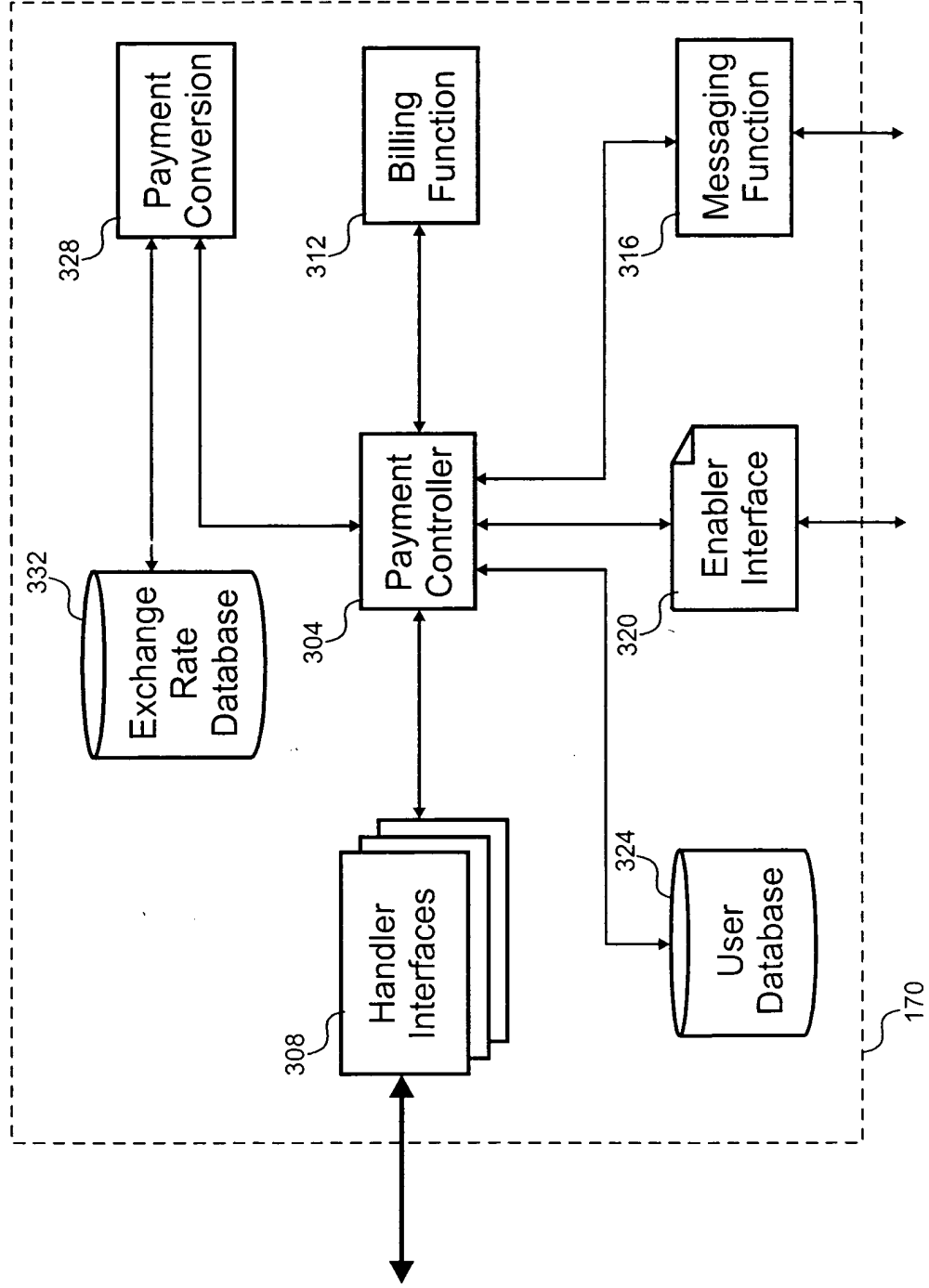


Fig. 3

FIG. 4 is a block diagram of a system 125 for processing transactions. The system 125 includes a Negotiable Instrument Printer 412, a Cash Register 416, an Agent Interface 180-4, a Kiosk Interface 180-2, a Credit/Debit Card Terminal 408, and a Check Validation Terminal 420. The Agent Interface 180-4 and the Kiosk Interface 180-2 are connected to a Wide Area Network 404. The Negotiable Instrument Printer 412 and the Cash Register 416 are connected to the Agent Interface 180-4. The Credit/Debit Card Terminal 408 and the Check Validation Terminal 420 are also connected to the Agent Interface 180-4.

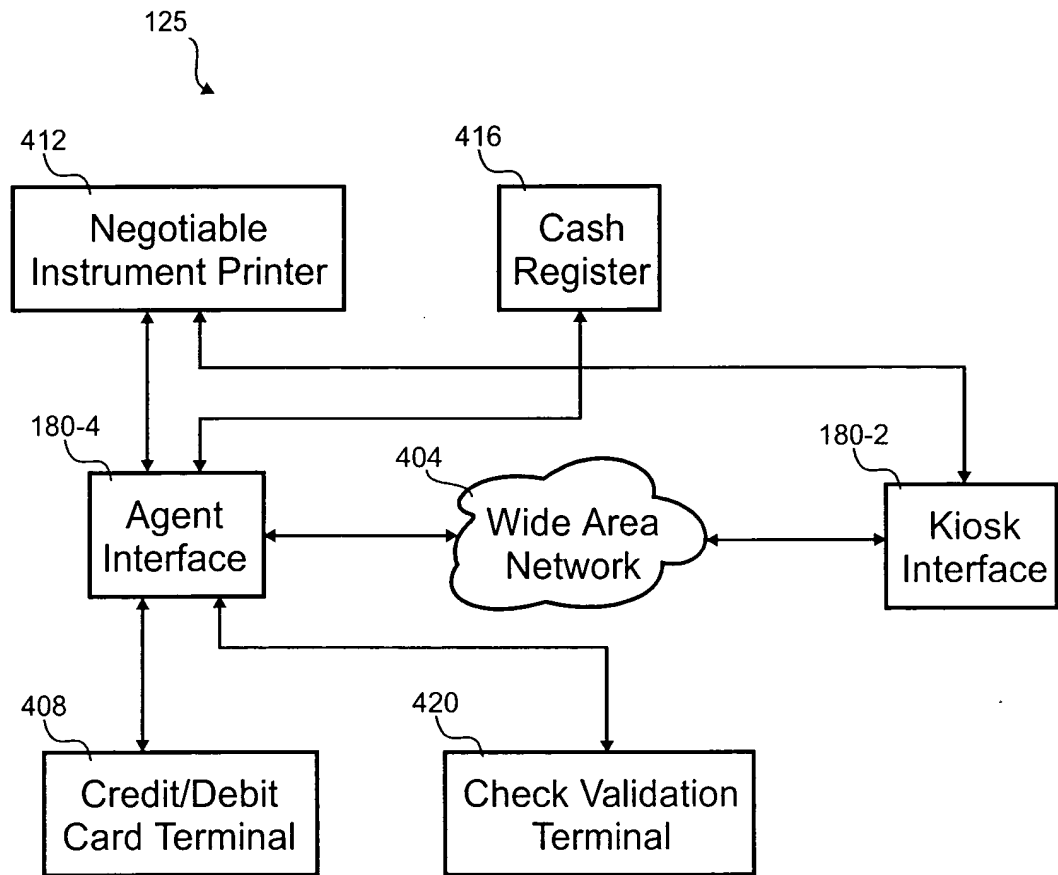
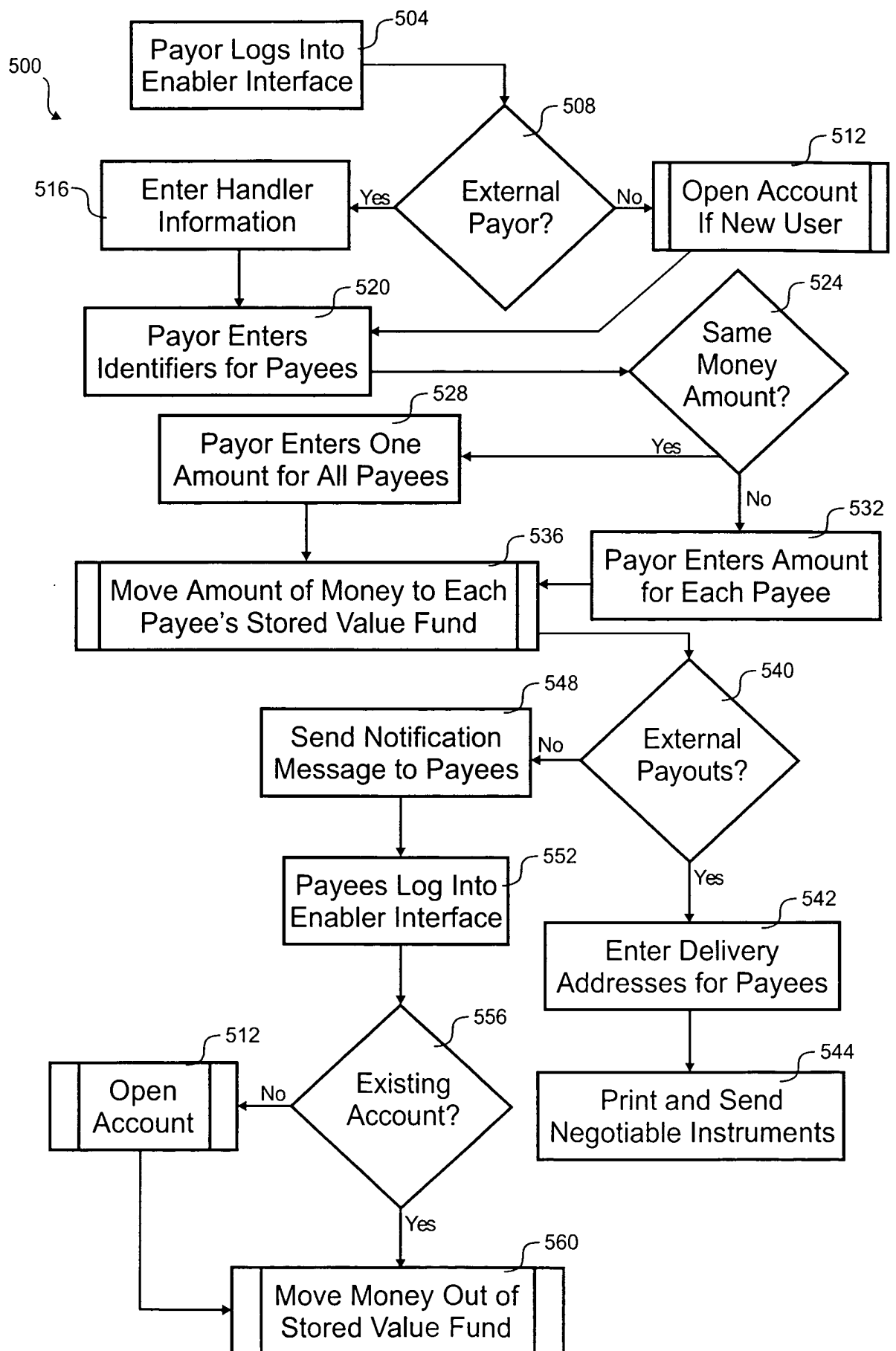
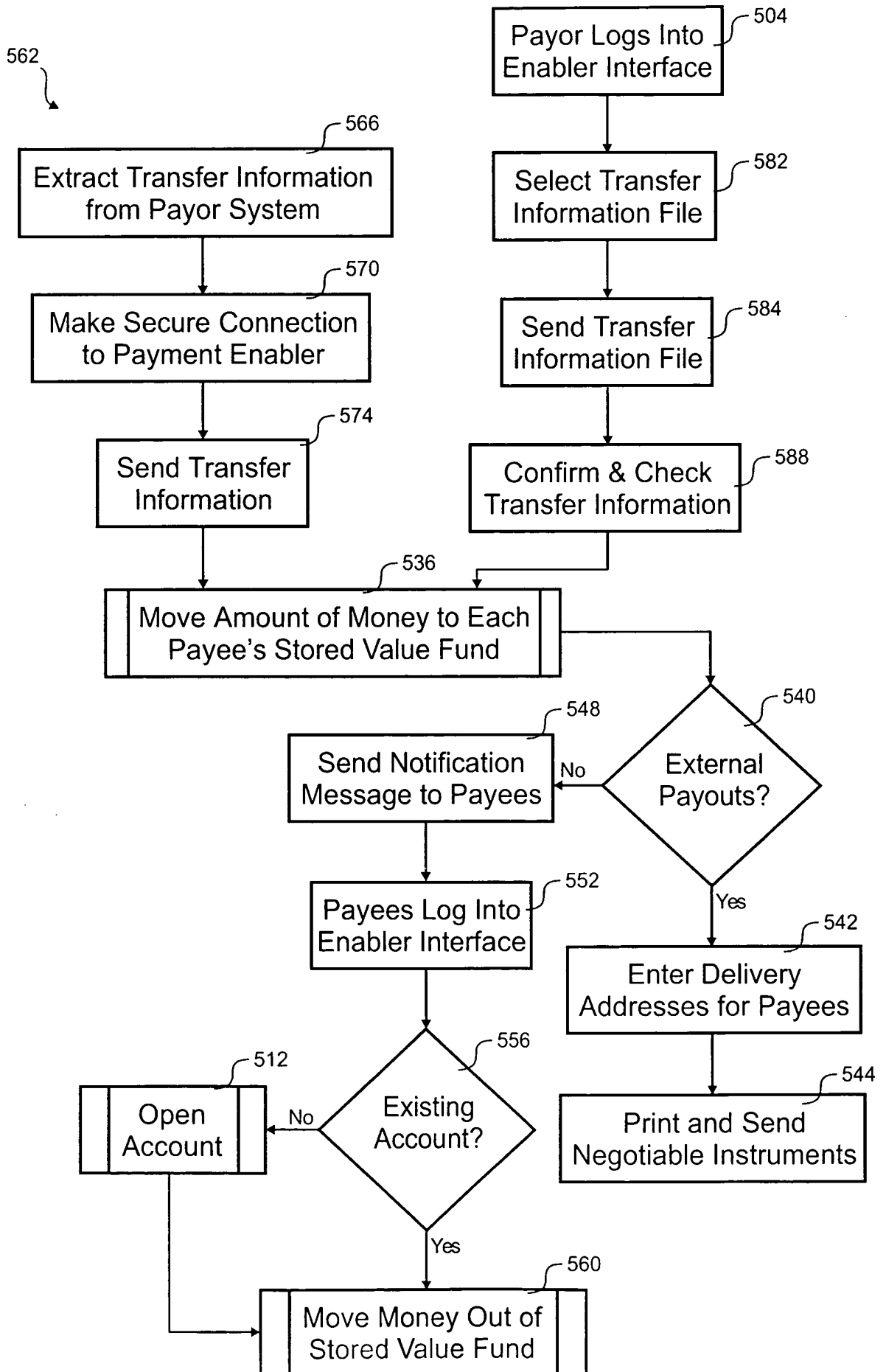
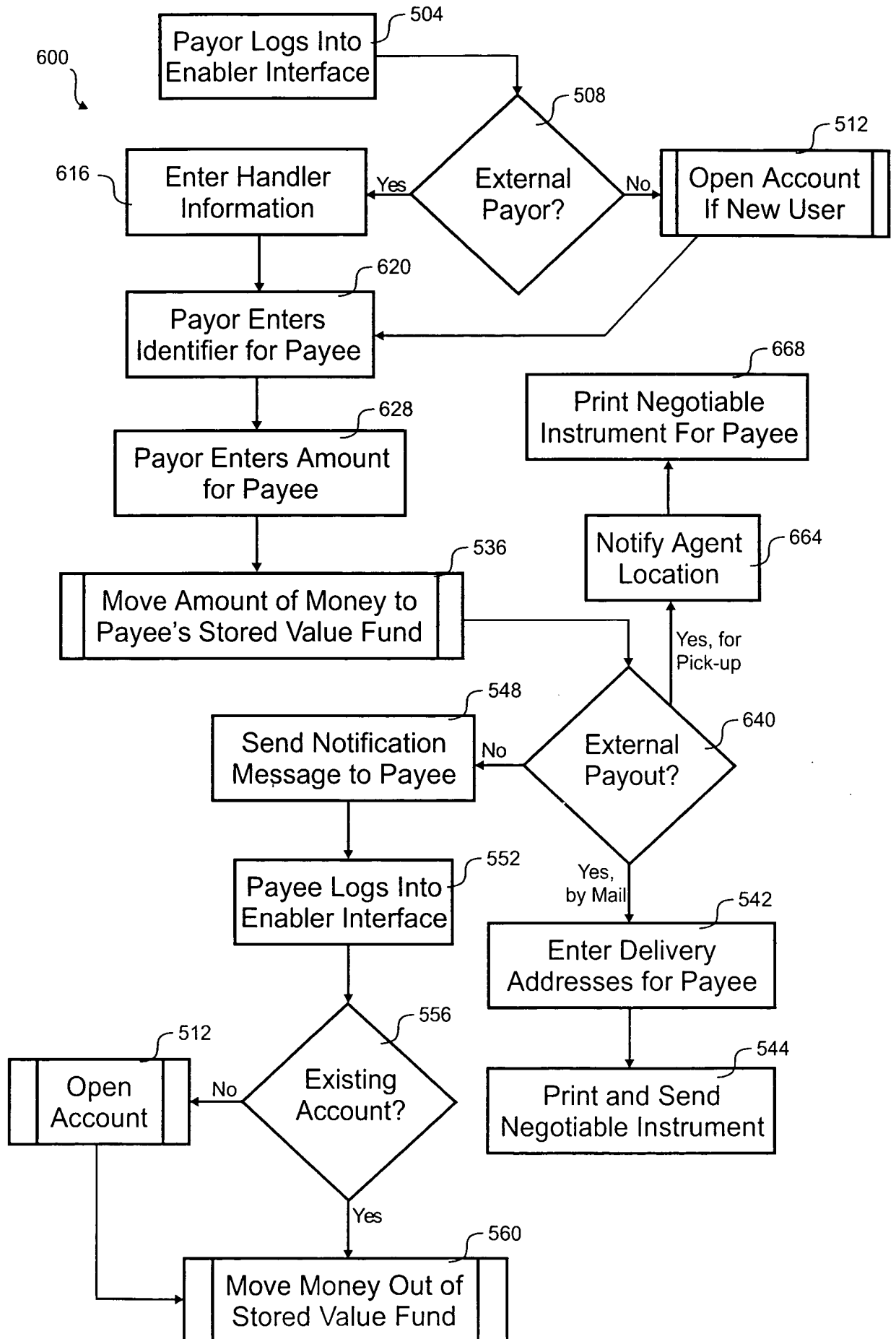


Fig. 4







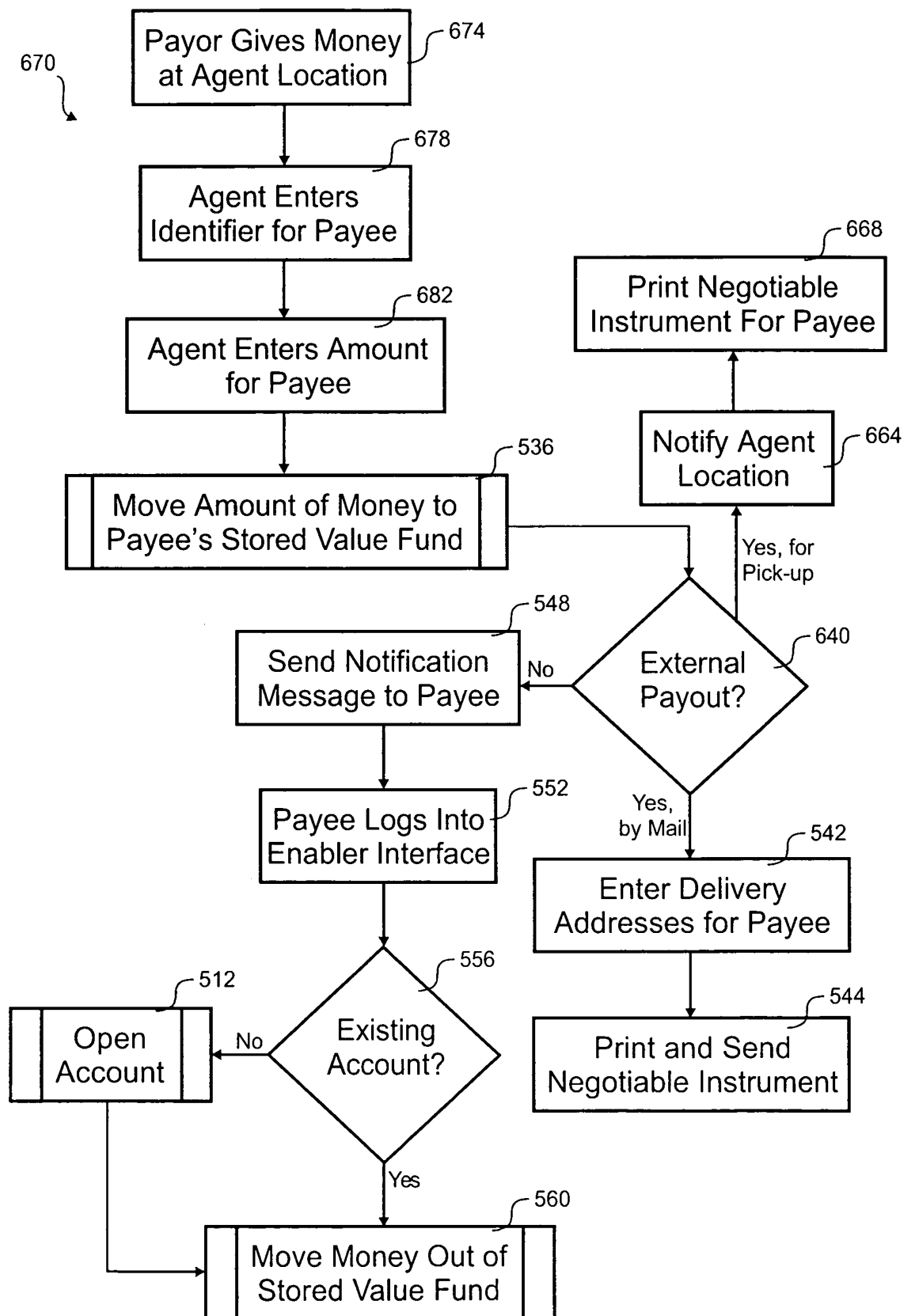
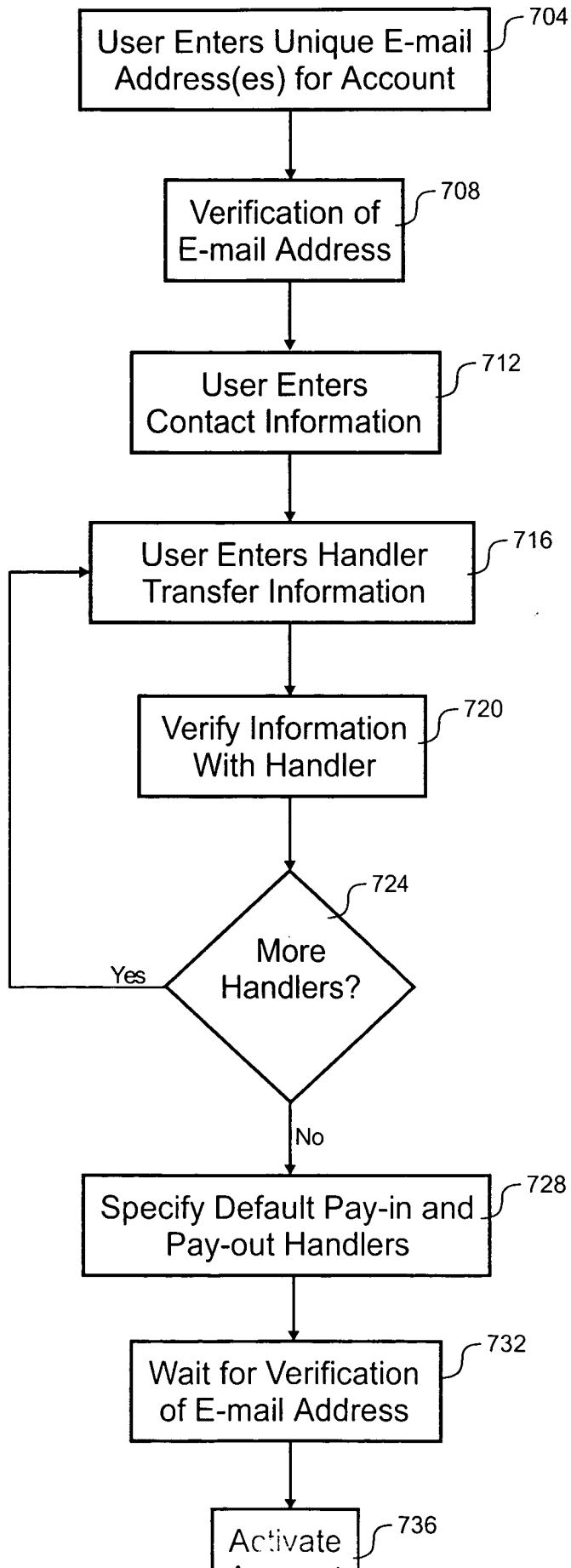


Fig. 6B



512



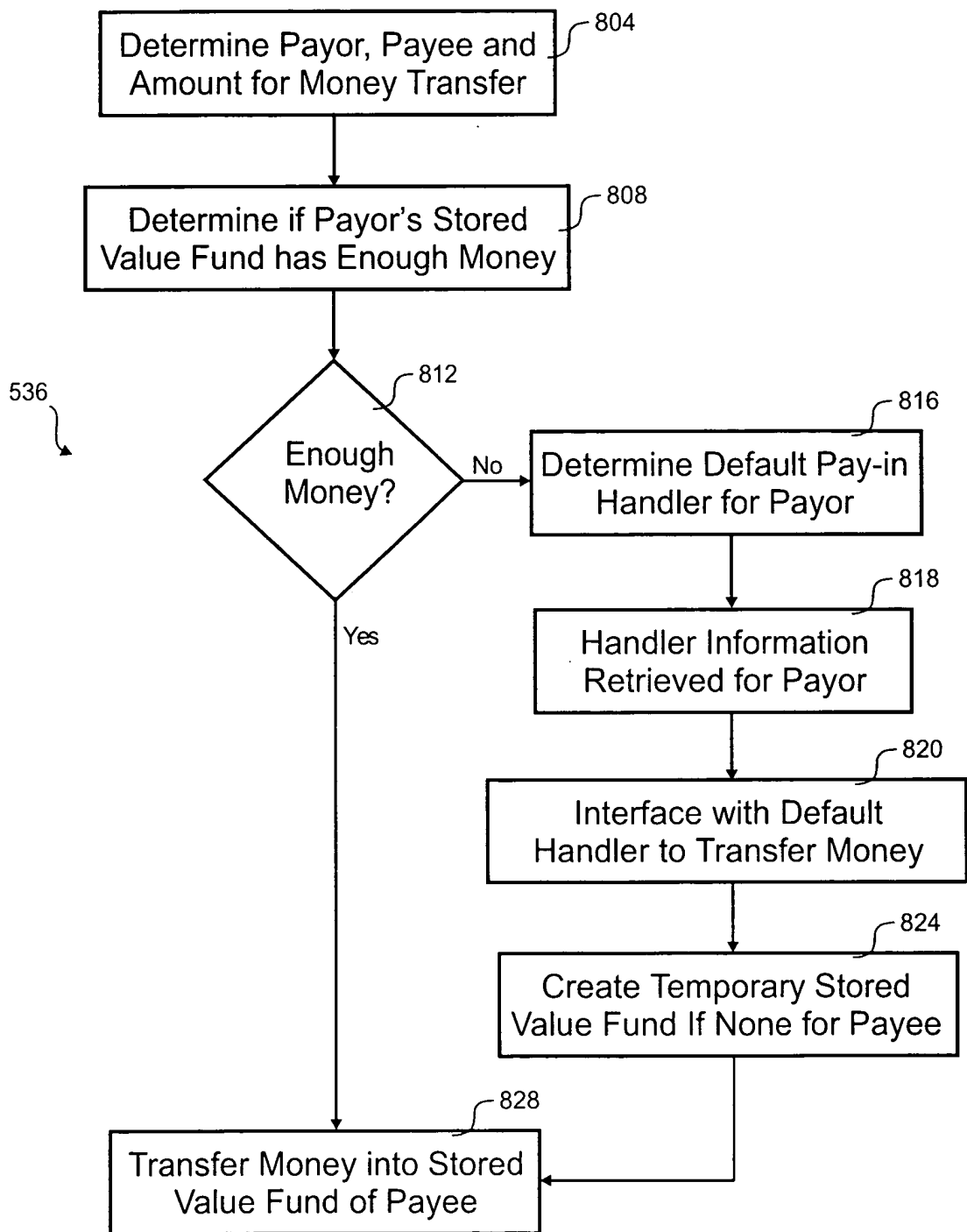


Fig. 8

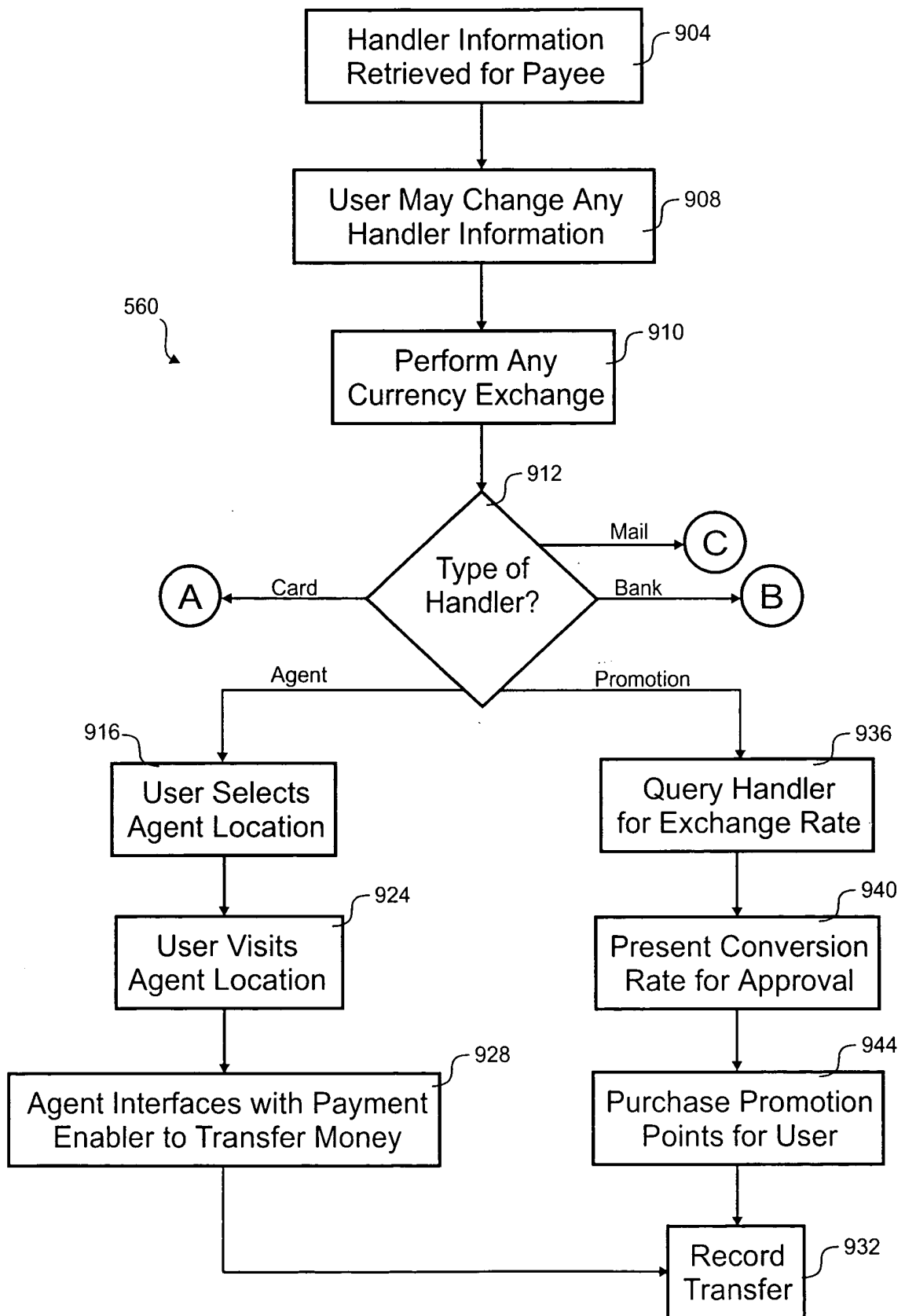


Fig. 9A

FIG. 9B is a flowchart illustrating a process for recording a transfer. The process starts with three parallel paths: Path A (Card), Path B (Bank), and Path C (Mail). Path A involves formulating a credit message, contacting the bank for authorization, and confirming authorization. Path B involves preparing a money transfer message, sending it to the handler bank, and confirming receipt. Path C involves entering delivery addresses, choosing a delivery method, and printing and sending a negotiable instrument. All three paths converge at the 'Record Transfer' step (932).

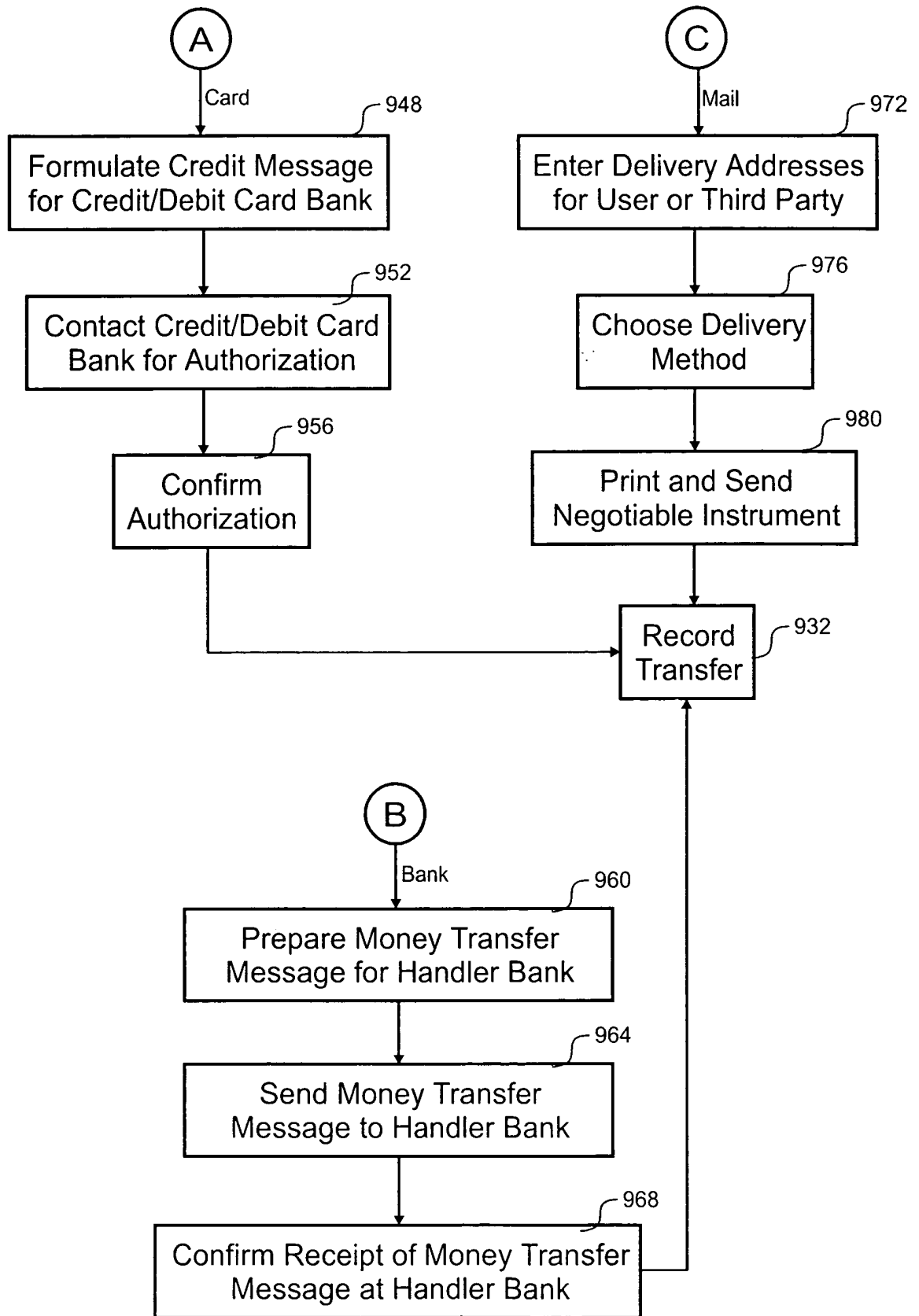


Fig. 9B

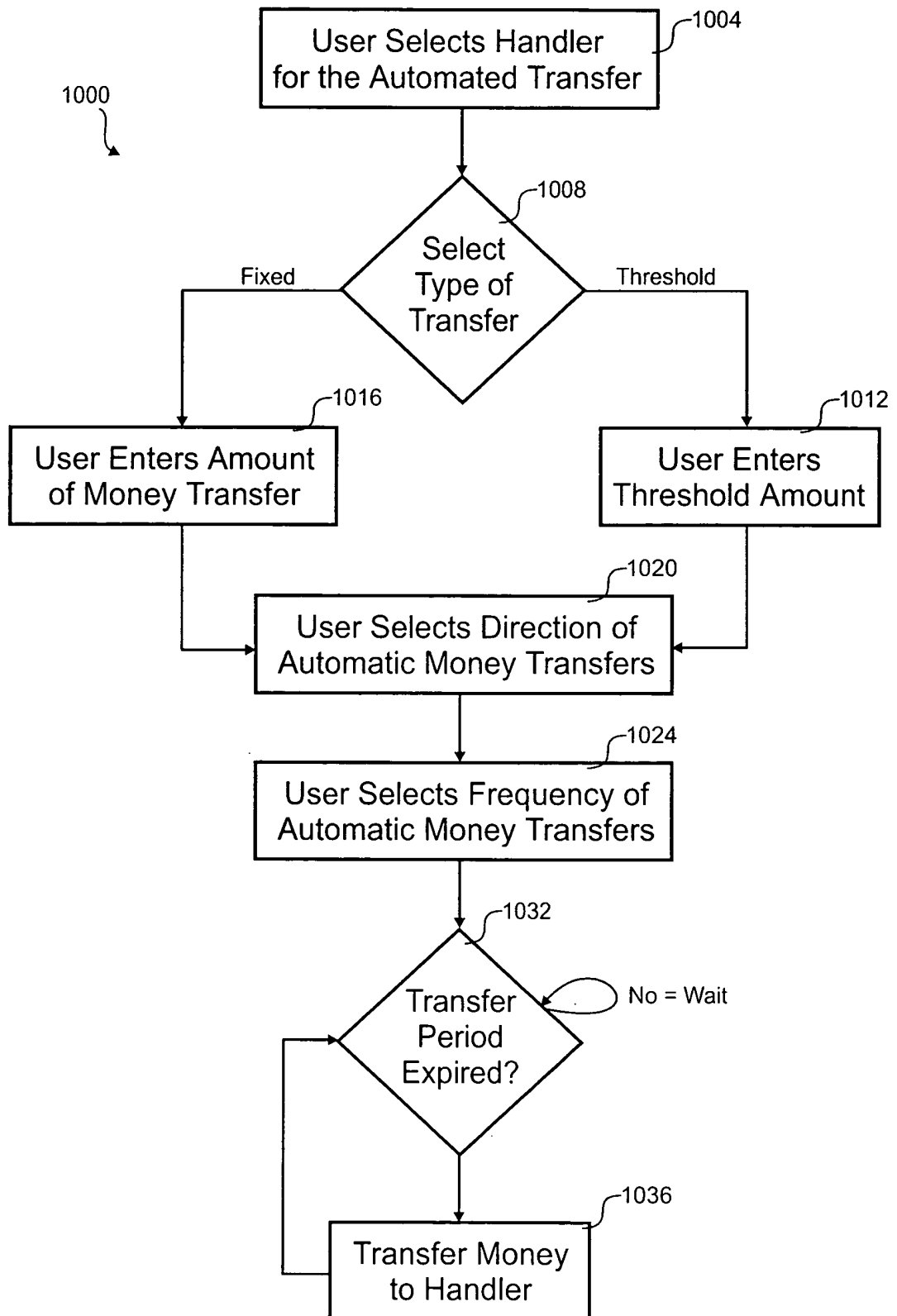


Fig. 10

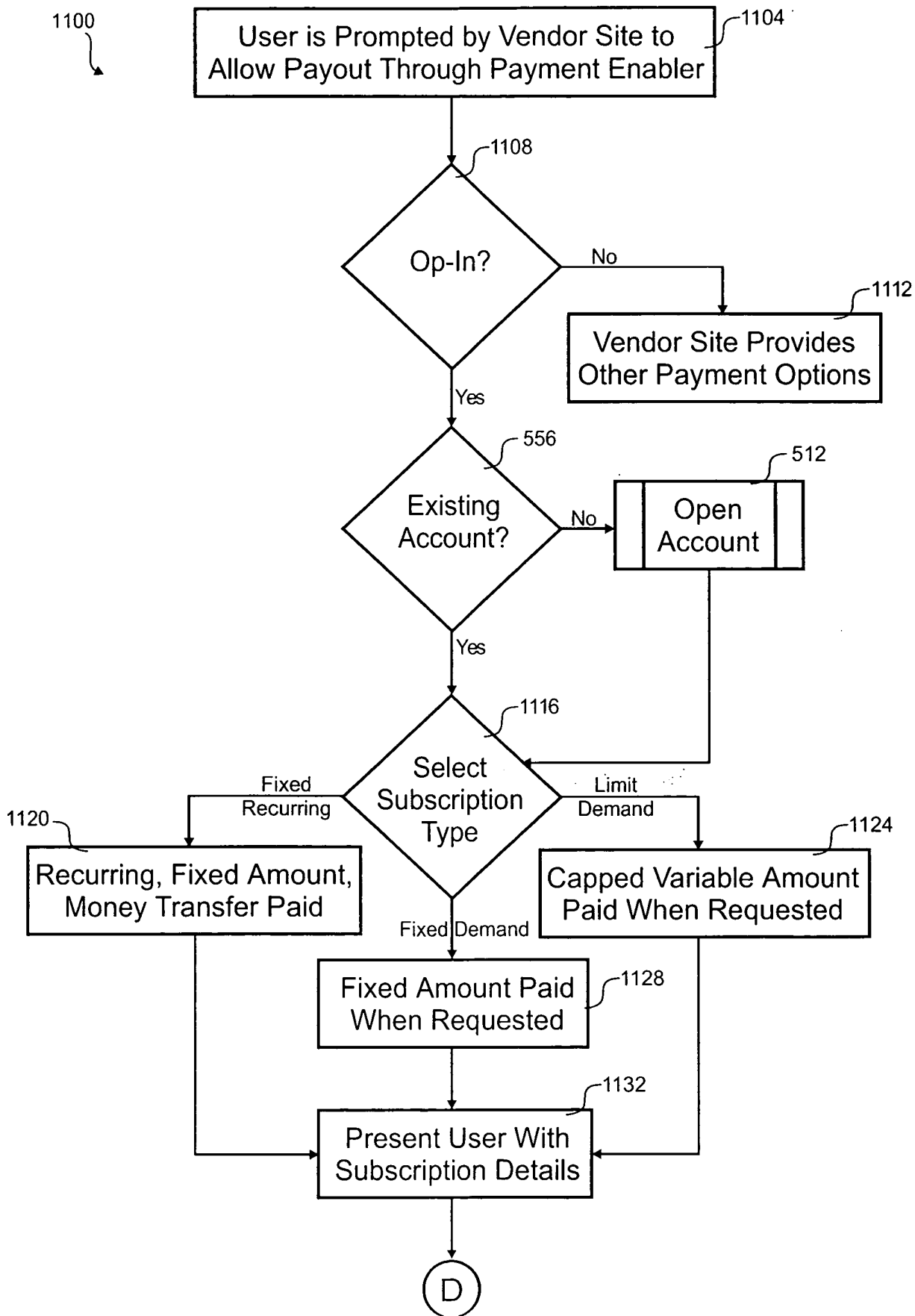
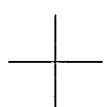


FIG. 11A

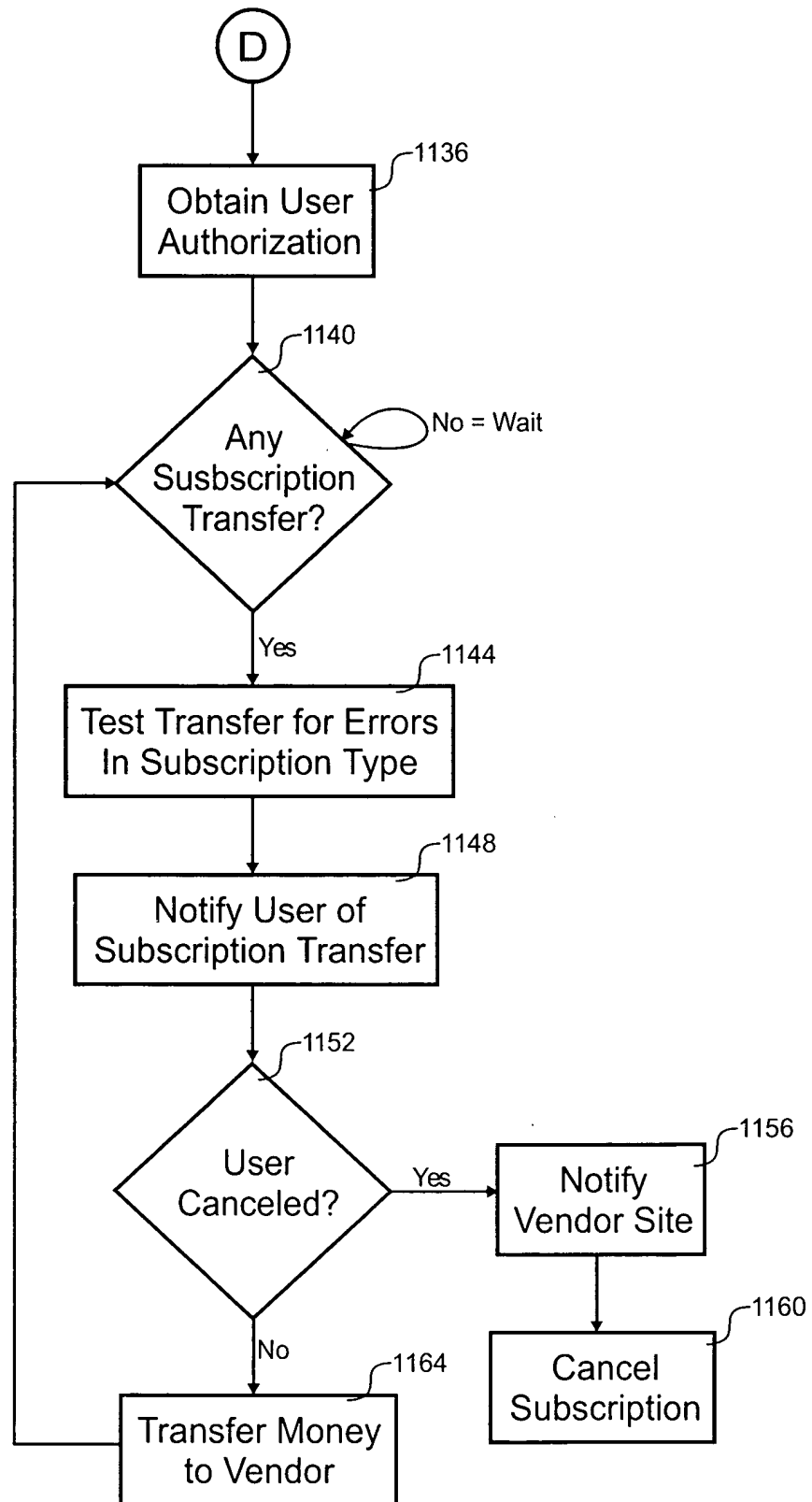


Fig. 11B